

PHYSICS
(SCIENCE PAPER – 1)

Maximum Marks: 80

Time allowed: Two hours

1. *Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.*
 2. *You will **not** be allowed to write during first 15 minutes.*
 3. *This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.*
 4. ***The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.***
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5. ***Section A is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Section B.***
 6. *The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].*

Instruction for the Supervising Examiner

*Kindly read aloud the Instructions given above to all the candidates present in the
Examination Hall.*

This Paper consists of 16 printed pages.

SECTION A (40 Marks)

(Attempt all questions from this Section.)

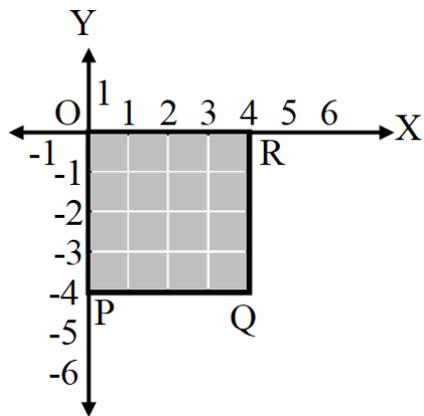
Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

[15]

(Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

(i) **Centre of gravity** of the given square **PQRO** lies at:



- (a) (2, -2)
 - (b) (3, -2)
 - (c) (-2, 2)
 - (d) (-2, 1)
- (ii) An object is thrown vertically up. It reaches the highest point and then comes down. The work done by the **force of gravity** on the object is:
- (a) positive for both the way up and way down
 - (b) negative for both the way up and way down
 - (c) negative for the way up and positive for the way down
 - (d) positive for the way up and negative for the way down

(iii) 10 eV is _____.

(a) 1.6×10^{-18} J

(b) 1.6×10^{-19} J

(c) 6.25×10^{19} J

(d) 6.25×10^{18} J

(iv) A crowbar of length 1.0 m has its fulcrum at a distance of 0.2 m from the load.

The **mechanical advantage** of the crowbar is:

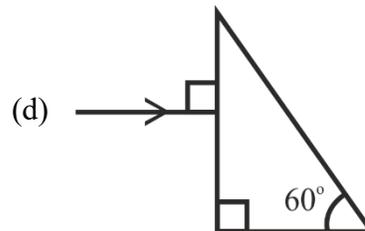
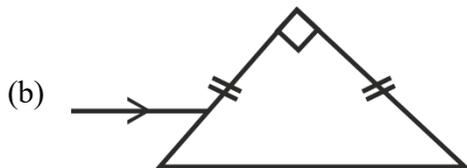
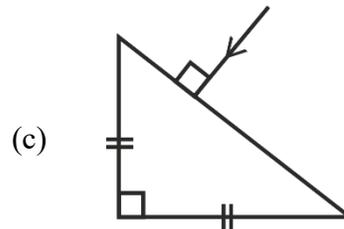
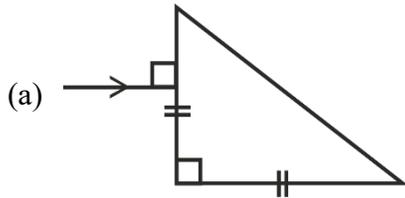
(a) 5

(b) 4

(c) 3

(d) 2

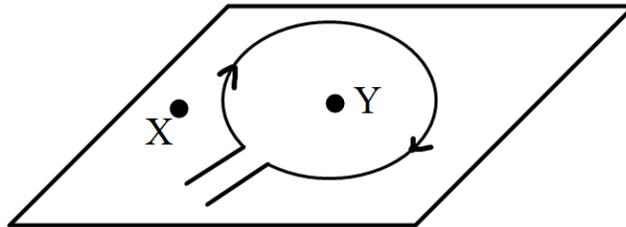
(v) Which of the following figures will depict deviation of a ray of light through 90° when it emerges out of the prism.



- (vi) Which of the following values can represent the magnification of a **simple microscope**?
- (a) +1
 - (b) -1
 - (c) +2
 - (d) -2
- (vii) An object placed at a distance 30 cm in front of a lens produces clear inverted image at a distance 60 cm from the lens. If the object is placed at 60 cm from the lens, then it produces a clear inverted image at a distance of _____ from the lens.
- (a) 20 cm
 - (b) 30 cm
 - (c) 60 cm
 - (d) 90 cm
- (viii) **Assertion (A):** Quartz prism is used to study ultraviolet spectrum.
- Reason (R):** Quartz does not absorb ultraviolet radiations.
- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - (b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
 - (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.
 - (d) (A) is false and (R) is true.

- (ix) The amplitude of a sound wave is **reduced** from 2 mm to 1 mm. The **intensity** of the sound will:
- (a) become four times the initial
 - (b) remain the same
 - (c) become half of the initial
 - (d) become one fourth of the initial
- (x) According to the **NEW** international convention, what is the colour coding for the live, neutral and earth wires in household circuits?
- (a) Live – red, Neutral – black, Earth – green
 - (b) Live – green, Neutral – yellow, Earth – black
 - (c) Live – brown, Neutral – blue, Earth – yellow
 - (d) Live – red, Neutral – blue, Earth – yellow
- (xi) An alloy *constantan* has resistivity $5 \times 10^{-7} \Omega \text{ m}$ at 25°C . If the temperature of this alloy is increased to 50°C then its **resistivity** will be:
- (a) $2.5 \times 10^{-7} \Omega \text{ m}$
 - (b) $5 \times 10^{-7} \Omega \text{ m}$
 - (c) $10 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \text{ m}$
 - (d) $20 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \text{ m}$

- (xii) A current carrying circular loop is lying in a horizontal plane as shown in the diagram. Which of the following is the correct statement with respect to the direction of magnetic lines of force.



- (a) upward at X and downward at Y
- (b) downward at X and upward at Y
- (c) upward at both X and Y
- (d) downward at both X and Y
- (xiii) For a body of mass m the relationship between the heat capacity (C') and specific heat capacity (c) is:
- (a) $C' = mc$
- (b) $C' = c/m$
- (c) $C' = mc^2$
- (d) $C' = m/c$
- (xiv) A piece of a cake and a watermelon of the same mass are taken out of the freezer at the same time. Which of the following statement is correct?
- (a) Cake and watermelon will attain the room temperature at the same time.
- (b) Watermelon will attain the room temperature faster.
- (c) Cake will attain the room temperature faster.
- (d) Which one comes to the room temperature first, depends on the atmospheric pressure at that time.

(xv) During β emission the parent and daughter nuclei will be:

- (a) isomers
- (b) isotopes
- (c) isotones
- (d) isobars

Question 2

(i) Complete the following by choosing the correct answers from the bracket: [6]

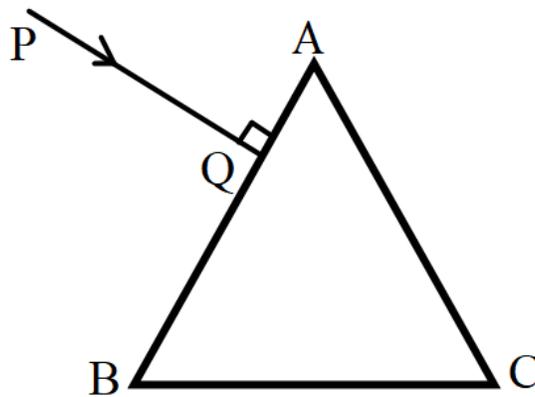
- (a) The **ideal** mechanical advantage of a single movable pulley is _____
[less than 1 / more than 1 / equal to 1].
- (b) If different colours of light strike a rectangular glass block at same angle of incidence, then **maximum** lateral displacement will be shown by _____ [Red / Green / Blue] colour.
- (c) **1 joule** equals to _____ [0.24 / 0.48 / 4.2] **calorie**.
- (d) The hole in the **right side** of the socket is for connection to the _____ [live / neutral / earth] wire.
- (e) The direction of the **induced current** in the coil of an AC generator is determined by _____ [Fleming's left-hand rule / Fleming's right-hand rule / Clock Rule].
- (f) In a nuclear reactor, the **fission** reaction is initiated by bombardment with _____ [a proton / a neutron / an α particle].

(ii) Will the position of the centre of gravity change if a hollow sphere is **completely** filled with mercury? Give a reason for your answer. [2]

(iii) Calculate the minimum distance needed in water to hear the echo. [2]
(Speed of sound in water is 1500 ms^{-1} . Persistence of hearing is 0.1 s .)

Question 3

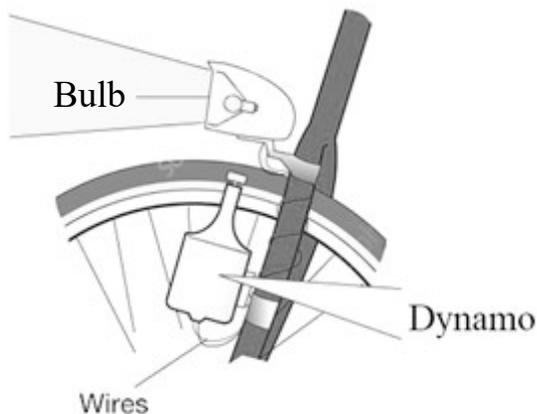
- (i) State the potential of the wire connected to the right hand side terminal of the **three pin plug** and also state its colour. [2]
- (ii) State **two** properties of magnetic lines of force around a straight conductor carrying current. [2]
- (iii) The heat capacity of a milk cooker is 450 J/K. Calculate the rise in the temperature when it absorbs 9000 J of heat. [2]
- (iv) A ray of light **PQ** is incident normally on the face **AB** of an equilateral prism. [2]
The ray gets totally reflected from the surface **AC**.



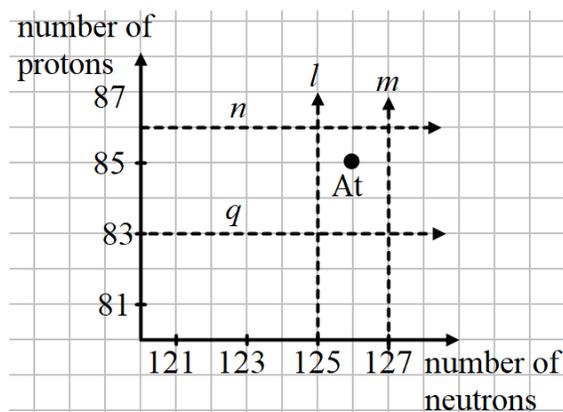
Calculate:

- (a) the angle of deviation at **AC**.
- (b) the angle of incidence at **BC**.

- (v) The figure below shows a bicycle dynamo which is fitted to the tyre. When the wheels of the bicycle rotate, the spindle of dynamo attached to magnets rotate and the bulb glows. [2]



- (a) Name the **phenomenon** that takes place when the bulb glows while the person rides the bicycle.
- (b) What will be the effect on the brightness of the bulb when the rider **increases** the speed of the bicycle?
- (vi) Define background radiation. Give one **internal** source of this radiation. [2]
- (vii) Astatine (*At*) is a radioactive element. Study the graph given below showing the number of protons vs the number of neutrons of radioactive nuclei. [3]



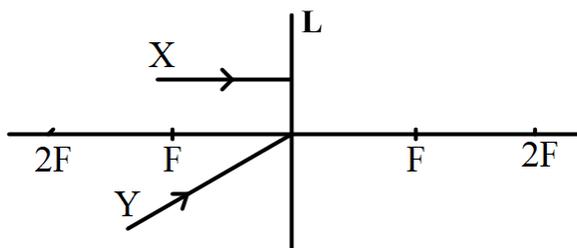
- (a) Identify the mass number of the nucleus Astatine (*At*).
- (b) Which line on the graph (*l, m, n, or q*) will never pass through the position of the daughter nuclei, regardless of **any number** of α , β , or γ emissions?
- (c) Give a reason for your choice in (b).

SECTION B (40 Marks)

(Attempt any four questions from this Section.)

Question 4

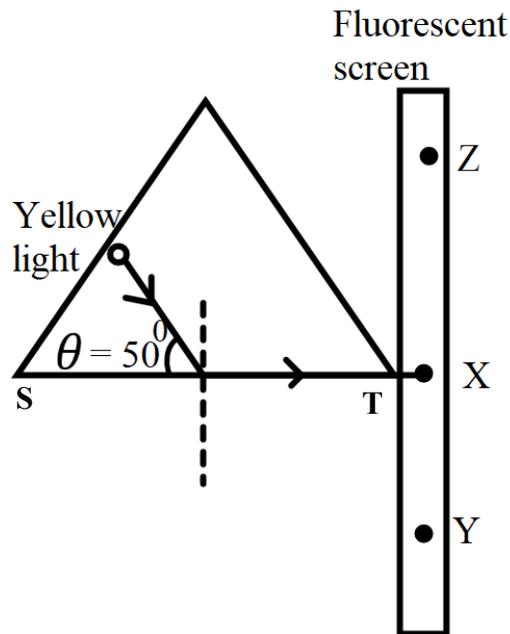
- (i) (a) A coin lies at the bottom of a beaker. Water is poured into the beaker upto a height of 8 cm. Calculate the shift seen in the position of the coin. [3]
(The refractive index of water is $4/3$. The width of the glass wall of the beaker is negligible.)
- (b) How will the **apparent depth** be affected if the temperature of water is increased?
- (ii) Draw a ray diagram to invert the image **without deviation** of light using right angle isosceles prism. [3]
- (iii) Answer the following with respect to a **concave lens (L)**. [4]



- (a) **Describe** the path of the rays X and Y through the lens.
- (b) Give one use of this lens.
- (c) Calculate its power if the focal length of this lens is 20 cm.

Question 5

- (i) The diagram given below shows a triangular prism of a certain material with fluorescent screen placed adjacent to it. The yellow light ray striking the surface **ST** of the prism shows a fluorescent spot at point **X**. [3]

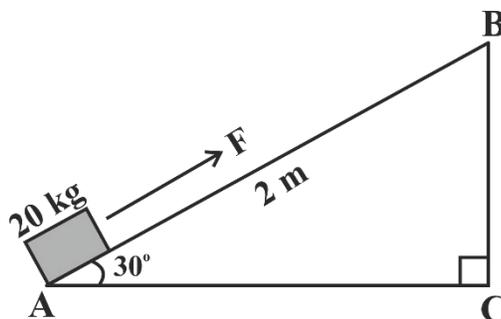


- (a) Calculate the **critical angle** of the material of the prism for yellow colour.
- (b) To move the fluorescent spot towards **Y**, the value of θ should be _____ (>50 , <50 or $= 50$).
- (c) Which direction will the fluorescent spot move if yellow light is replaced with indigo light? (*towards Y or towards Z*)
- (ii) An object is placed at a distance of 10 cm from a convex lens of focal length 20 cm. [3]
- (a) Find the position of the image.
- (b) What is the nature of the image?

- (iii) (a) Name the electromagnetic radiations which are used for **sterilising water** in a water purifier. [4]
- (b) State any one property of the radiations mentioned by you in part (a).
- (c) Why are the danger signals red in colour?

Question 6

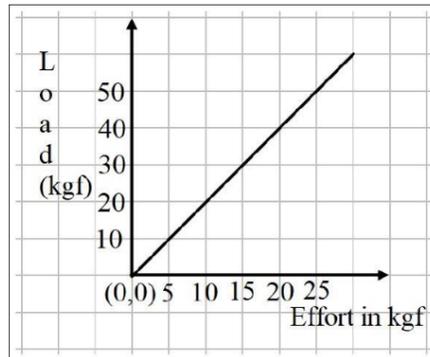
- (i) A **uniform metre ruler** is balanced horizontally on a knife edge placed at 60 cm mark when a mass m is suspended from 75 cm mark. **Draw** the diagram of the arrangement. State with reason (*through mathematical steps*) whether the mass of the scale is *greater than, less than or equal to the mass m* ? [3]
- (ii) State the energy conversions taking place: [3]
- (a) during photosynthesis
- (b) in a thermocouple
- (c) during bursting a cracker
- (iii) An inclined plane makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal as shown in the figure. A box of mass 20 kg is taken from point **A** to point **B** along the inclined plane of length 2 m. [4]



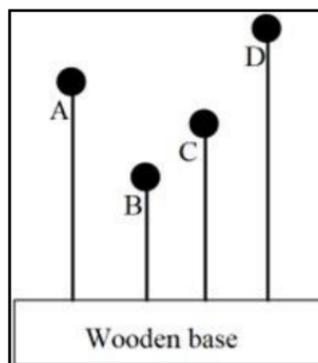
- (a) Calculate the potential energy gained by the box.
- (b) If 10 J of work is done against friction, in moving the box from **A** to **B** then calculate the force **F** needed to pull the block from **A** to **B**. [$g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$]

Question 7

- (i) The graph shows load against effort for a lever with load and effort on the **same side** of the fulcrum. [3]



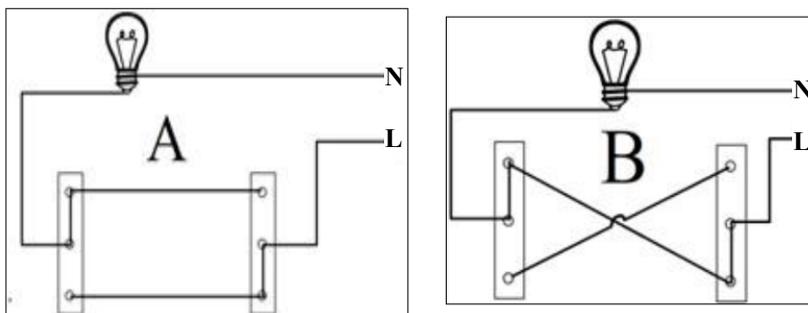
- (a) Which attribute of the load vs effort graph must be calculated to determine the mechanical advantage?
- (b) Which class does this lever belong to? How did you arrive at this conclusion?
- (ii) (a) A man fires a gun and hears its echo after 3 s. The man then moves 80 m towards the hill and fires his gun again. This time he hears the echo after 2.5 s. Calculate the speed of the sound. [3]
- (b) State **one** reason of using ultrasonic waves in SONAR.
- (iii) The diagram below displays four solid plastic balls attached to wires, all mounted on a wooden base. When a person shakes the wooden base back and forth at a steady pace, the balls begin to vibrate as well. It is noted that while all the balls vibrate, only one of them vibrates vigorously. [4]



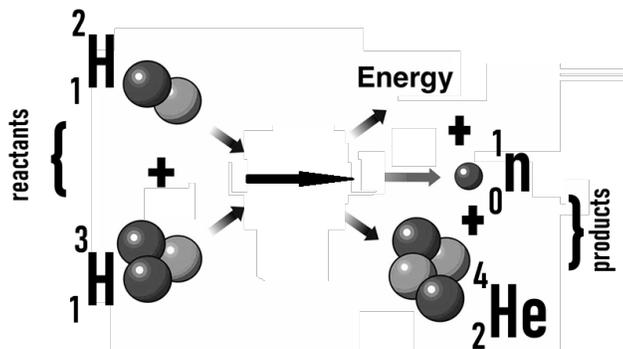
- (a) Explain why only one ball vibrates vigorously.
- (b) If f_A , f_B , f_C , and f_D are the natural frequencies of vibration of the wires, then arrange them in the increasing order of their frequencies and **justify**.

Question 8

- (i) The diagram given below shows a bulb connected by dual control switches. [3]
Observe the diagrams and answer the questions that follow.



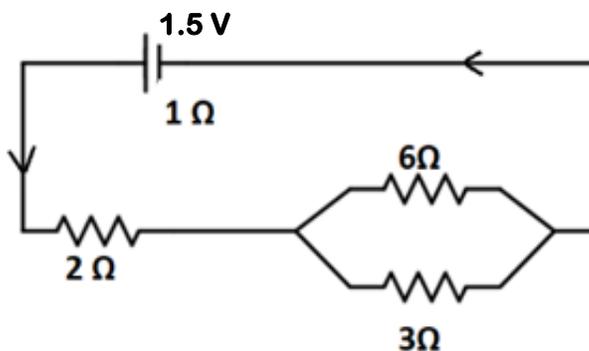
- (a) Which switch can successfully turn the bulbs **ON** or **OFF**? (Circuit **A**, Circuit **B**, or both)
- (b) At present, in which circuit is the bulb glowing?
- (c) If the **L** and **N** wires are swapped in the circuit (your answer to (b)), will the circuit still function?
- (ii) Study the diagram and answer the questions that follow: [3]



- (a) Name the nuclear process displayed in the diagram.
- (b) Is it possible to conduct this process at room temperature?
- (c) Mass of reactants _____ mass of the products.

[Fill in the blank using <, > or =]

- (iii) A cell of e.m.f 1.5 V and internal resistance $1\ \Omega$ is connected to two resistors of resistances $6\ \Omega$ and $3\ \Omega$ in parallel and a resistor of resistance $2\ \Omega$ in series as shown in the diagram. [4]



Calculate the current through:

- (a) $2\ \Omega$ resistor
- (b) $6\ \Omega$ resistor

Question 9

- (i) A spirit lamp supplying heat at a rate of $50\ \text{W}$ is used to melt $0.025\ \text{kg}$ of ice at 0°C taken in a container. If all the ice in the container is melted in $168\ \text{s}$, then what is the specific latent heat of fusion of ice? [3]
(The heat capacity of the container is negligible.)

- (ii) (a) State the principle of calorimetry. [3]
- (b) Why should the surface of the calorimeter be polished?
- (c) Why should the calorimeter be made of a material of **low** specific heat capacity?
- (iii) A student wants to design a **device** to connect a bulb rated 10 W, 22 V, to the mains 220 V, so that the bulb operates at its rated voltage. [4]
- (a) Name the device he uses.
- (b) **State** the principle involved in the working of this device.
- (c) When the bulb is connected to the output of the device, calculate:
1. Current drawn
 2. Resistance of the bulb